KHRAMOV, O.O.; GORFLIK, L. Land. ekon. nauk, redaktor; ZIL'BAN, M.S., redaktor; RAKHLINA, N.P., tekhred.

[Prospects of developing a building materials industry near the construction site of the Kakhova Hydroelectric Power Station and of the South Ukrainian canal] Perspektyvy rozvytku promyslovosti budievel'nykh materialiv u soni sporudzhennia Kakhovs'koi GES i Pivdenno-Ukrains'kogo kanalu. Kyiv, Vid-vo Akademii nsuk Ukr.RSR, 1952. 33 p. (MLRA 8:2)

(Ukraine-Building materials industry)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000516130006-9"

ZHEREBEIN, G.P.; GORELIE, L.B., otvetstvennyy redaktor; GOMEL'SKAYA, I.G., redaktor; HARHLINA, N.P., tekhnicheskiy redaktor.

[High-speed methods of working metal and their utility] %korostnye metody obrabotki metalla i ikh effektivnost'. Kiev, Isd-vo Akademii nauk Ukrainskoi SSR, 1953. 44 p. (MIRA 8:2) (Metal cutting)

GORELIK, L.Ye.

e kanalandari kanalandari da katalandari da Sala da Sa Basic means for lowering production costs in the enterprises of the Hight industry of the Ukrainian S.S.R. Mauk. zap. Inst. ekon. AN URSR no.3:66-87 155. (NIRA 1). (MIRA 12:3) (Ukraine--Manufactures--Costs)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000516130006-9"

### "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000516130006-9

GORELIK, LECTOL'D ESMATUTICATOR

4N/5 740.03 .G6

Voprosy ekonomiki legkov promyshlennosti Ukrainskov SSR (froblems of economics in the Ukrainian SSR light industry) Kiyev, Izd-vc Akademii Nauk Ukrainskov SSR, 1956. 244p. tables.

At head of title: Akademiya Mauk Ukrainskoy SSR. Instytut Ekonomiky. Bibliographical footnotes.

AVS

GORELIK, L. YE.

SEREDENKO, M.M.; GIAMAZDA, A.D.; KHOTINCHENKO, M.M.; SEEVCHENKO, Ya.O.;
RUDOY, P.Yu.; KHARCHENKO, P.F.; KHRAMOV, O.O.; GURIKOVA, V.O.;
GORBLIK, L.Ye.; RIZHKOV, I.I.; ZHKREBKIH, G.P.; MIEG-AYEVA, I.V.;
KOROBKO, V., redaktor; LAPCHENKO, K., tekhnichniy redaktor

[Industry of the Soviet Ukraine during 40 years, 1917-1957]
Promyslovist' Radians'koi Ukrainy za 40 kokiv (1917-1957). Kyiv,
Derzh.vyd-vo polit.lit-ry UHSR, 1957. 330 p. (MIRA 10:10)

1. Akademiya nauk URSR, Kiyev. Institut ekonomiki. (Ukraine--Industries)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000516130006-9"

SHKURATOV, Aleksandr Ivanovich [Shkuratov, O.I.]; GORELIK, L.m. [Horelik, L.E.], doktor ekon.nauk, red.; MERZLIKIN, I.G. [Merzithin, I.H.], red.

[For full use of production potentials in industry] Za povne vykorystannia vyrobnychukh potushnostei v promyslovosti. Kyiv, 1958. 34 p. (Tovarystvo dlia poshyrennia politychnykh i naukovykh snan¹ Ukrains¹koi RSR. Ser.2, no.1) (MIRA 12:2) (Efficiency, Industrial)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000516130006-9"

GORELIK, Leopol'd Emanuilovich [HORKLIK, L.E.]; SEREIENKO, M.M., kand.ekon.

[Economic effectiveness of introducing new machinery in light industry] Ekonomichna efektyvnist' vprovadzhennia novoi tekhniky u lehkii promyslovosti. Kyiv, Vyd-vo Akad.nauk URSR, 1958. 72 p.

(Efficiency, Industrial)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000516130006-9"

DARAGAN, Mikhail Vladimirovich [Darahan, M.V.]; GORELIK, L.Ye. [Horelik, L.E.] doktor.ekonom.nauk, etv.red.; KAZAKEVICH, T.A. [Kazakevych, T.A.], red.izd YEFIMOVA, M.I. [IRfimova, M.K.], tekhn.red.

[Statistics of production costs in the textile industry] Pytannia statystyky sobivartosti produktsii v tekstylinii promyslovosti.

Kyiv, Vyd-ve Akad.nauk URSR, 1958. 118 p. (NIRA 12:6)

(Textile industry-Cests)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000516130006-9"

EHRAMOV, Aleksandr Aleksandrovich [Khramov, 0.0.]; GORELIK, L.Ye.
[Horelik, L.E.], doktor ekonem.nauk, etv.red.; VELIKOKHAT'KO,
0.T. [Velykokhat'ko, 0.T.] red.; YURCHISHIN, V.I. [IUrchyshyn,
V.I.], tekhn.red.

[Developing the production of local building materials in the Ukrainian S.S.R.] Resvytok vyrobnytstva mistsevykh budivel'nykh materialiv Ukrains'koi RSR. Kyiv. Vyd-vo Akad.nauk URSR, 1958. 158 p. (MIRA 12:6) (Ukraine-Building materials)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000516130006-9"

"Light industry in Ukraine. (1917-1957) " by M.P. Kotov and others.

Izv. vys.ucheb. zav.; tekh.leg. prom. no.1:175-178 '58.

(Wiraine--Textile industry) (Ukraine--Leather industry)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000516130006-9"

PAKHOMOV, Yuriy Nikolayevich; GORELIK, L.E., doktor ekonom.nauk, otv.red.; POLYAKOV, F.M., red.; OKOPWAYA, Ye.D., tekhred.

[Economic law of the planned proportional development of the national economy; materials for the course "Political economy."]

Ekonomicheskii zakon planovernogo, proportsional nogo razvitiia narodnogo khoziaistva; materialy po kursu "Politicheskaia ekonomiia."

Kiev, Izd-vo Kievskogo univ., 1959. 35 p. (MIRA 12:11)

(Economics)

GORELIK, Leopol'd Emmanuilorich [Horelik, L.E.], doktor ekonom.nauk; KOROID, O.S., kard.ekonom.nauk, red.

[Problems of economics and planning in an industrial enterprise]
Pytannia ekonomiky i planuvannia promyslovoho pidpryiemstva.
Kyiv. 1959. 51 p. (Tovarystvo dlia poshyrennia politychnykh i naukovykh znan¹ Ukraine¹koi RSR. Ser.7, no.12)
(Industrial management)

GORELIK, L. E.

PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION SOV/3889

Horelik, Leopol'd Emanuyilovych, Doctor of Economics

Pytannya ekonomiky i planuvannya promyslovoho pidpryyemstva (The Economics and Planning of Industrial Enterprises) Kyyiv, 1959. 51 p. 12,700 copies printed. (Series: Tovarystvo dlya poshyrennya politychnykh i naukovykh znan' Ukrayins'koyi RSR. Ser. 7, no. 12)

Ed.: O.S. Koroyid, Candidate of Economics; Ed. of Publishing House: M.F. Lazorenko.

PURPOSE: This pamphlet is intended for economists.

COVERAGE: The pamphlet, written in Ukrainian, is a popularized presentation of the objectives of production planning, mainly with respect to planning functions are procedures for a systematic predetermination of productive ends and expense budgets by individual industrial enterprises. The manner of setting-up production planning and budgeting activities and outlining anticipated expenditures is described. Organizational layout of planning bodies in briefly delineated. No Card 1/2

## "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000516130006-9

The Economics and Planning of Industrial Enterprises SOV/	3889
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Functional Organization of Planning and Budgeting Committees	36
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APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000516130006-9"

RYZHKOV, Ivan Ivanovich; DUBOSARSKAYA, Mariya Teodorovna [Dubosars'ka, M.T.]; GORKLIK, L.Ye. [Herelik, L.E.], doktor ekonom.nauk, etv.red.; VELIKOKHAT'KO, O.T., red.izd-va; MIL'CKHIH, I.D., tekhn.red.

[Mconemic efficiency of new techniques in the Ukrainian textile industry] Mkonemichna efektyvnist' nevoi tekhniky v tekstyl'nii premyslovosti UESR. Kyiv, Vyd-ve Akad.nauk URSR, 1959. 74 p. (MIRA 12:6) (Ukraine--Textile industry)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000516130006-9"

MESTERENKO, Aleksey Alekseyevich [Nesterenko, O.O.]; GORELIK, L.Ye.
[Horielik, L.M.], doktor ekonom.nauk, otv.red.; NOVIKOVA,
G.O. [Novikova, H.O.], red.izd-va; SKLYAROVA, V.Ye., tekhn.
red.

[Development of industry on the Ukraine] Rozvytok promyslovosti na Ukraini. Kyiv, Vyd-vo Akad.nauk URSR. Pt.1. [Handicraft and manufacture] Remeslo i manufaktura. 1959. 495 p. (MIRA 12:10)

(Uraine-Industries)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000516130006-9"

Our most important problem. Nauka i zhyttia 9 no.619-12
Je 159. (MIRA 12:8)

(Efficiency, Industrial) (Automation)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000516130006-9"

GORELIK, L. E. E.

Voprosy ekonomiki legkoy promyshlennosti Ukrainskoy SSR (by) L.E. Gorelik. Kiyev, Izd-vo Akademii Nauk Ukrainskoy SSR, 1956.
244 p. tables. 23 cm.
At head of title: Akademiya Nauk Ukrainskoy SSR.

Institut Ekonomiki.

Bibliographical footnotes.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000516130006-9"

LIBERMAN, Yevsey Grigor'yevich, doktor ekonom. nauk; GORELIK, L.E., otv. red.; LANDYSH, B.A., red.; MATVIKCHUK, A.A., tekhn. red.

[Basic problems in the over-all mechanization and automation of production processes] Osnovnys zadachi kompleksnoi mekhanizatsii i avtomatizatsii proizvodstva. Kiev, 1961. 41 p. (Obshchestvo po rasprostraneniiu politicheskikh i nauchnykh znanii Ukrainskoi SSR. Ser. 7, no.2)

(MIRA 14:9)

(Industrial management) (Automation)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000516130006-9"

GCRELIK, Leopol'd Emmanuilovich [Horelik, L.E.], doktor ekonom. mauk, prof.; CHAYEVSKAYA, N.S. [Chaievs'ka, N.S.], red.; GAVRILETS', D.V. [Havrylets', D.V.], tekhn. red.

[Business accountingin a socialist industrial enterprise] Hospodars'kyi rozrakhunok na sotsialistychnomu promyslovomu pidpryiemstvi. Kyiv, Derzh. vyd-vo polit. lit-ry URSR, 1961. 42 p.

1. Zaveduyushchiy otdelom ekonomiki truda Instituta ekonomiki AN URSR (for Gorelik).

(Russia-Industries)

OBOZNYY, Aleksandr GeorgiyevichGORELIK, L.E., doktor ekon. nauk, prof., red.; LANDYSH, B.A., red. izd-va; DAKHNO, Yu.M., tekhn. red.

[Plant and equipment of the machinery industry and the means to improve their use; the practice of the machine-tool and metal-cutting tool industry of the Ukrainian S.S.R.]Osnovnye fondy mashinostroeniia i puti uluchsheniia ikh ispol'zovaniia; na primere stankoinstrumental'noi promyshlennosti USSR. Kiev, Izd-vo Akad. nauk USSR, 1962. 158 p. (MIRA 15:12) (Ukraine-Machine-tool industry)

AGAFONOV, Aleksandr Konstantinovich; GORELIK, L.E., doktor ekonom. nauk, prof., red.; BARANOVA, N.P., red. izd-va; DAKHNO, Yu.B., tekhn. red.

[Problems of intraplant business accounting in machinery manufacturing] Voprosy vnutrizavodskogo khosrascheta v mashinostroenii. Kiev, Izd-vo AN Ukr.SSR, 1963. 97 p. (MIRA 16:7)

(Machinery industry--Accounting)

20672

26.2212

S/057/61/031/001/017/017 B104/B204

AUTHORS:

Gorelik, L. L. and Lobikov, Ye. A.

TITLE:

Measurement of the energy losses of a plasma by means of

a bolometer

PERIODICAL:

Zhurnal tekhnicheskoy fiziki, v. 31, no. 1, 1961, 125-127

TEXT: From hitherto known experiments concerning the ohmic heating of a deuterium plasma it follows that only a small part of Joulean heat is used up for a temperature rise while the major part compensates energy losses. By means of a special bolometer, the authors studied the distribution of these energy losses in time. Energy losses on the wall of a tomoidal discharge chamber with the following parameters were measured:  $H_z = 300$  oersteds; maximum discharge current: 40 ka; strength of the electric rotational field: 1.7 v/cm; hydrogen pressure:  $(3-4)\cdot 10^{-3}$  mm Hg; discharge time:  $\tau = 0.55$  milliseconds. The bolometer used for this purpose consisted of a thermistor made from an alloy of 99.4% Bi and

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20672

Measurement of the energy losses...

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0.6% Pb, vaporized onto an oxidized aluminum foil. This thermistor, which had a resistance of R = 3.8 kilohms and a temperature coefficient of a = 1.53.10<sup>-3</sup> 1/deg, was placed into the discharge chamber. Within 20 microseconds, the bolometer foil reached the temperature of the plasma. The temperature change of the bolometer foil was determined by measuring the changes in its resistance. The energy accumulated in the plasma was determined by comparing the ohmic heating of the plasma and the energy losses measured with the bolometer. The results thus obtained show that the Joulean energy conveyed to the plasma at each instant is, at the same time, liberated on the walls, and hardly contributes to the temperature increase of the plasma. This is taken as an indication that the plasma temperature is not particularly high and amounts to some ev per particle at the utmost. The authors thank V. V. Sokol'skiy for valuable advice, V. Kh. Volkov for a discussion; and V. M. Vorfolomeyev, A. I. Zakharov, V. S. Zaytsev, and A. M. Yevdokimov (deceased) for their help. There are 2 figures and 4 references: 3 Soviet-bloc and 1 non-Soviet-bloc.

SUEMITTED: August

August 16, 1960

Card 2/2

l<sub>1</sub>2220 8/057/62/032/011/014/014 B104/B102

24.6712

AUTHORS:

Gorelik, L. L., and Sinitsyn, V. V.

TITLE:

The separate measurement of energy losses from a plasma due to radiation and through particles.

PERIODICAL: Zhurnal tekhnicheskoy fiziki, v. 32, no. 11, 1962, 1406-1408

TEXT: According to the estimates of V. I. Kogan, a 1 cm layer of hydrogen at a pressure of  $\sim 0.1$  mm Hg absorbs practically no radiation from a plasma, whereas it completely absorbs particles having energies between 50 and 100 ev. Here preliminary results of experiments are given in which this effect is used for separately measuring the energy spectrum of the radiation and of the particles, with the help of a bolometer and a gas filter. The experiments were carried out with a toroidal discharge chamber of type "Beta": inner diameter of the discharge chamber 21.6 cm, longitudinal field H = 600 cersteds, maximum discharge current 65 ka, intensity of the eddy electric field  $\sim 4 \text{v/cm}$ , pressure  $(3-4)\cdot 10^{-3}$  mm Hg, discharge time  $\sim 0.8$  msec. The measuring chamber (Fig. 1) is an aluminum box in the form of a cone enclosing the bolometer. The bolometer is Card 1/3

The separate measurement of ...

S/057/62/032/011/014/014 B104/B102

mounted on the end of a movable copper rod enabling it to be moved along the axis of the chamber. If  $E_b$  is the energy striking a unit area of the bolometer, and  $E_o$  the energy striking unit area of the chamber walls, the energy  $E_k$  which is incident on the chamber wall is given by  $E_k = k(R)E_b(R)$ , where k(R) is a factor which takes account of the solid angle between the bolometer surface and the plasma, and R is the distance between the center of the discharge chamber and the bolometer. Information about the energy loss caused by the particles  $(E_p)$  is obtained from the dependence of  $E_k/E_o$  on R (Fig. 3). After two days of vacuum treatment  $E_p$  is found to be  $\approx 60\%$ ; after three days  $\approx 40\%$ . There are 3 figures.

SUBMITTED: January 29, 1962 (initially)
March 19, 1962 (after revision)

Fig. 1. (a) Measuring chamber. (b) slit of the measuring chamber. Fig. 3.  $E_{\text{relative}} = (E_{\text{k}}/E_{\text{O}}) \cdot 100\%$  as a function of R. Legend: (1) After two days of vacuum treatment, (2) after three days of vacuum treatment. Card 2/3

GORKLIK, I..L.; KOVAL'SKIY, N.G.; PODGORNYY, I.M.; SINITSYN, V.V.

Study of the escape of plasma through the magnetic gaps of traps with a field intensifying toward the periphery. Dokl. AN SSSR 147 no.3:576-579 N '62. (MIRA 15:12)

l. Predstavleno akademikom L.A. Artsimovichem.
(Plasma (Ionized gases)) (Magnetic fields)

s/0000/63/000/000/0270/0273

AUTHORS: Gorelik, L. L.; Koval'skiy, N. G.; Podgorny\*y, I. M.; Sinitsy\*n, V. V.

TITLE: Investigation of plasma in an "Orekh" magnetic trap with the aid of special bolometers

SOURCE: Diagnostika plazmy\* (Plasma diagnostics); sb. statey. Moscow, Gosatomizdat, 1963, 270-273

TOPIC TAGS: plasma magnetic field, magnetic mirror, plasma confinement, bolometer, thin film

ABSTRACT: The spatial and time distributions of heat flow from the wall of a magnetic-trap vacuum chamber with a field that increases towards the periphery were investigated to ascertain the influence of the region near the point of zero field in the escape of charged particles at low plasma concentrations, and also the character of

Card 1/5

; ',

time variation of the width of an annular magnetic slot. Several specially developed bismuth bolometers were used to measure the heat flow from an "Orekh" magnetic trap. The bolometer constructions are described. Measurements of the magnetic gap have shown that the width of the gap is larger at small values of the magnetic field, and the experimentally observed broadening of the magnetic gap can be sufficiently well explained by classical diffusion. The escape of plasma particles was measured by introducing a metallic cylinder into the trap and measuring the heat escaping through the magnetic gaps with germanium borometers. In the case of the first configuration of the magnetic field in the trap it was found that the particle escape from the system is due to loss of the adiabatic invari-, ant on entering the region of weak magnetic field near the center, whereas in the case of the second configuration the plasma is essentially concentrated in the region of the weak magnetic field near the center. Thin film bolometers were also used to measure the escape of heat from the trap for plasma of high density (~1014 cm-3)

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APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000516130006-9"

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and low density (10<sup>12</sup> cm<sup>-3</sup>). The escape times were found to be 60--70 and 150--200 microseconds, respectively. The bolometers described can be used to solve various problems in plasma physics. Orig. art. has: 2 figures.

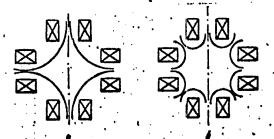
ASSOCIATION: None

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Card 3/5

ENCLOSURE: 01

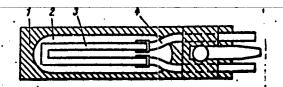


Magnetic field configurations in the 'Orekh' trap

Card 4/5

**经验的证据** 

14



# Construction of bismuth bolometer: ...

i - frame, 2 - oxidized-aluminum foil, 3 - thermoresistance of lead-bismuth alloy, 4 - silver leads

Card 5/5

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000516130006-9"

## GORELIK, L.L.

Gas analyzers for oxygen determination based on its varying heat conductivity in a magnetic field. Zhur. tekh. fiz. 33 no.12: 1459-1461 D '63. (MIRA 16:12)

5/0057/64/034/003/0496/0504

EFTHOR: Gorelik, L. 1

TITLE: Bolometric method for determining the time dependence of the energy losses of a planua

SOURCE: Shurnal tekhnicheksoy fiziki, v.34, no.3, 1964, 496-504

TOPIC TAGS: belometer, three layer bolometer, high time resolution bolometer, plasma, gas discharge plasma, plasma energy loss

ABSTRACT: This paper gives detailed instructions for constructing bolometers having sensitivies of about  $10^{-3}$  Joule/cm<sup>2</sup>, equilibration times of 10 microsec or less, and cooling times (by heat loss to the surroundings) of about 0.1 sec. These bolometers are thus suitable for determining the time dependence of the energy flux (with a resolution of about 10 microsec) in a process of which the duration is considerably less than 0.1 sec. The bolometers were specifically developed for measuring the time dependence of the energy loss to the chamber walls by gas discharge plasmas. The bolometers are constructed on 35 micron aluminum foil. An insulating oxide layer is

Cord 1/3

ACC. NR: AP4020579

produced on one side of the foil by anodizing in sulfuric acid, and the sensitive element of Bi-Pb alloy is vacuum deposited on the oxide layer. An alloy containing 0.6% Pb is used because of its relative insensitivity to magnetic fields. To achieve a short equilibration time it is necessary to make the oxide layer as thin as possible. The yield of satisfactory bolometers was about 95% when the oxide layer was made 5 microns thick and about 25% when the layer was 1.5 microns thick. The finished-bollometers measure 3.5 x 1.3 cm2 and are mounted in plastic or ceramic frames. The equilibration times of the bolometers were measured by exposing them to a brief flash of light (rise time 4 microsec) and observing the bolometer resistance with an oscilloscope. A curve is given for a bolometer having a 5-micron oxide layer, an equilibration time of 12 microsec, and an over-all resolution of 15 microsec. "The author expresses his gratitude to I.K.Kikoin for his valuable advice and interest in the work, to Ye.A.Lobikov for assistance in proving the bolometric method on the gas discharge apparatus and for a valuable discussion of the metter, to V.M. Varfolomeyev for assistance in conducting the investigation and constructing the bolometers, and to N.D. Vinogradova for assistance in the vacuum deposition and for valuable advice in the initial stages of the work. The author is very grateful to V.V.Sokol'skiy, Yu.G. Prokhorov, V.D. Kirillov and Yu.M. Esgan for a valuable discussion, to V.

2/3 Cord

ACC. NR: AP4020579

Kh.Volkov for his interest and assistance in the work, to V.I.Kogan for a valuable discussion of the realizability of a gaseous filter, to V.G.Nikolayev for measuring the cxide layers, to V.V.Sinitsy\*n for a valuable discussion and for assistance in preparing the work for publication, and to I.A.Vasil'ev for assistance in the work. The author acknowledges with gratitude the assistance in this work rendered by A.M.Yedokimov (deceased). Orig.art.has: 5 formulas, 10 figures and 1 table.

ASSOCIATION: none

SUBMITTED: 28Nov62

DATE ACQ: 31Mar64

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: PH,SD

NR REF SOV: 012

OTHER: OOO

3/3 ard

\$/0057/64/034/003/0505/0508

ACCESSION NR: AP4020580

AUTHOR: Gorelik, L.L.; Sinitsy\*n, V.V.

TITLE: New three-layer bolometers for measuring energy losses in plasmas

SOURCE: Zhurnal tekhnicheskoy fiziki, v.34, no.3, 1964, 505-508

TOPIC TAGS: bolometer, three-layer bolometer, high time resolution bolometer, plasma, plasma energy loss, plasma energy loss measurement

ABSTRACT: This paper describes three types of bolometer having sensitivities from  $10^{-4}$  to  $10^{-6}$  Joule/cm<sup>2</sup> and resolving times of the order of one microsecond. These bolometers are refinements of the three-layer  $10^{-3}$  Joule/cm<sup>2</sup>  $10^{-4}$  microsec bolometers described in detail in an accompanying paper (L.L.Gorelik, ZhTF,34,No.3,496,1964 - see Abstract AP4020579). 1) A bismuth--aluminum oxide--aluminum bolometer is described which has an equilibration time of less than 2 microsec and an electrical time constant (RC product) of about one microsec. This bolometer differs from those described in the accompanying paper chiefly in size (the present bolometer measures  $3 \times 0.7$  cm<sup>2</sup>) and in the care with which the components were desiccated at various stages of construction. 2) A germanium--aluminum oxide--aluminum bolometer is des-

Card 1/3

ACC. NR: AP4020580

cribed which has a sensitivity of  $10^{-5}$  to  $10^{-6}$  Joule/cm<sup>2</sup>. The electrical time constant is negligible, but the equilibration time is about 40 microsec. The oxide coated aluminum foil (oxide layer 5 microns thick) was prepared as described in the accompanying paper. The germanium thermal sensitive element was vacuum deposited for 10 to 15 minutes at  $1200^{\circ}$ C and 3 x  $10^{-4}$  mm Hg. It is believed that better and more consistent results can be obtained by depositing under a higher vacuum. The resistance of the germanium bolometer varies with the surrounding gas pressure. This does not affect its usefulness for the contemplated plasma measurements (see accompanying article cited above). 3) A bismuth-collodion-silver bolometer is described which has a sensitivity of  $10^{-5}$  to  $10^{-6}$  Joule/cm<sup>2</sup>, an electrical time constant of about 1 microsec, and an equilibration time of less than 0.1 microsec. The bolometer was constructed on a 7 x 15 x 0.7 mm<sup>3</sup> oxidized dural frame having a 5 x 10 mm<sup>2</sup> opening, one side of which was chamfered. A collection film 0.2 to 0.3 micromethick was deposited on this frame by a process that is not described. A 0.1 micron silver film was vacuum deposited on the side of the collodion film facing the chamfered side of the frame. This serves as the heat collector. The Bi-Pb (0.6% Pb) thermal element was vacuum deposited on the other side of the collodion film. "In conclusion the authors express their gratitude to I.K.Kikoin for his interest in the work and for

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valuable advice, to V.Kh.Volkov for his interest and assistance in the work, to V.I. Nikolayev for his skillful assistance in constructing the bolometers, and to P.N. Orlov for assistance in mastering the technique of preparing the collection films."
Orig.art.has: 4 figures.

ASSOCIATION: none

SUBMITTED: 28Apr63

SUB CODE: PH, SD

DATE ACQ: 31Max64

ENCL: 00

NR REF SOV: 003

OTHER: OOO

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s/0056/64/046/001/0401/0402

AUTHORS: Gorelik, L. L.; Sinitsy\*n, V. V.

TITLE: Influence of a magnetic field on the thermal conductivity of gases with nonspherical molecules

SOURCE: Zhurnal eksper. i teoret. fiz., v. 46, no. 1, 1964, 401-402

TOPIC TAGS: nitrogen molecule, paramagnetic gas, diatomic gas, nonspherical molecule, thermal conductivity, effect of magnetic field, effective magnetic moment, nuclear magnetic moment, Senftleben effect, rotational magnetic moment, viscosity

ABSTRACT: Preliminary results of an investigation of the influence of a magnetic field on the thermal conductivity of  $N_2$  are reported. The apparatus used is similar to the oxygen gas analyzer with magnetic field described by L. L. Gorelik (ZhTF v. 33, no. 12, 1963).

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The change of the thermal conductivity could be judged from the bridge unbalance upon application of the magnetic field. The measurements were in fields, up to 340 Oe at a pressure of 3.5  $\times$  10<sup>-2</sup> mm The plot of the relative change  $(\Delta\lambda/\lambda)$  of the thermal conductivity against H/p (H -- magnetic field, p -- pressure) shows similarity to both the plot of viscosity vs. H/p (J. J. Beenakker et al, Phys. Lett. v. 2, 5, 1962) and to the corresponding plot for oxygen (E. Rieger, Ann. d. Phys. v. 31, 453, 1938), but there is a slight discrepancy between the effective magnetic moment of the nitrogen molecule and that calculated on the basis of the experiment. suggests that the effect observed in nitrogen is due to rotational as well as to nuclear magnetic moments. More accurate measurements on nitrogen and other gases are planned. "The authors are grateful to I. K. Kikoin, Yu. M. Kagan, A. A. Sazy\*kin, and L. A. Maksimov for valuable discussions and advice, to V. Kh. Volkov for interest and help, and to V. I. Nikolayev for constant help in making the instruments and measurements. The authors are also grateful to L. D.

Card 2/4

Puzikov (deceased) for valuable discussions and advice. Orig. art. has: 2 figures.

ASSOCIATION: None

SUBMITTED: 07Sep63 DATE ACQ: 26Feb64 ENCL: 01

SUB CODE: PH NO REF SOV: 002 OTHER: 006

Card 3/4

# "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000516130006-9

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ACCESSION NR: AP5006534	
AUTHOR: Gorelik, L. L.; Redkoborodyy, Yu. N	i.; Sinitsyn, V. V.
AUTHOR: Gorelik, L. L.; Redkobolody),  TITLE: The effect of a magnetic field on the	nernal conductivity of gases with non-
TITLE: The effect of a magnetic lies	Apple Apple
spherical molecules	icheskoy fiziki, v. 48, no. 2, 1965,
761-765	a conductivity, gas thermal conductivi-
761-765 TOPIC TAGS: nonspherical molecules, thermaty, nitrogen, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxi	de, hydrogen, deuterium
ty, nitrogen, carbon monority	sbonical molecules in
ABSTRACT: Results of investigations of the H <sub>2</sub> , CG, CO <sub>2</sub> , H <sub>2</sub> and D <sub>2</sub> are briefly reported to the see experiments of these experiments.	i. The mean rotary magnetic moments
H <sub>2</sub> , CG, CO <sub>2</sub> , h <sub>2</sub> and h <sub>2</sub> y determined on the basis of these experit these molecules are given in table 1 and fi express gratitude to y Kikoin, Yu. M. l express gratitude to y Kikoin, Yu. M. l	igs. 1-4 of the Enclosure.
express gratitude to Kikcin, Yu. M. A. A. Sazykin for valuable discussion, Y.	Kn. Volkov for interest and and the
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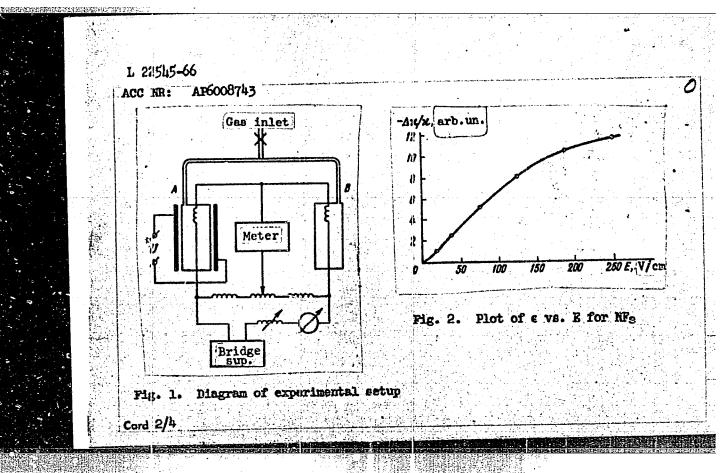
. 43736-6() ACCESSION NR: AP5006534	,	
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Card 2/5	,	·

GORELIK, L.L.; REDKOBORODYY, Yu.N.; SINITSYN, V.V.

Effect of a magnetic field on the heat conductivity of gases with nonspherical molecules. Zhur. eksp. i teor. fiz. 48 no.2:761-765 F 165. (MIRA 18:11)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000516130006-9"

L 22545-66 SOURCE CODE: UR/0386/66/003/003/0145/0149 ACC NR: AP6008743 AUTHOR: Gorelik, L. L.; Sinitsyn, V. V. ORG: none TITIE: Effect of electric field on transport phenomena in polar gases with nonspherical molecules SOURCE: Zhurnal eksperimental noy i teoreticheskoy fiziki. Pis ma v redaktsiyu. Prilozheniye, v. 3, no. 3, 1966, 145-149 TOPIC TAGS: gas property, electric field, transport phenomenon, transport property, viscosity, thermal conduction ABSTRACT: To check whether the viscosity and thermal conductivity of gases with nonspherical molecules change in an electric field as they do in a magnetic field, the authors have undertaken investigations of the influence of an electric field on the thermal conductivity of gases of this type. It was assumed that in an electric field the effect would qualitatively have the same character as in a magnetic field, provided there were a sufficiently high probability that the molecules rotate in the electric field in such a way that the rotation axis does not make a right angle to the dipole moment. In view of this, special attention was paid to nit; rogen trifluoride (NFs), whose molecules form a trihedral pyramid. Experiments Card 1/4



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ACC NR: AP6008743

7

were made with C2H5Cl, C2H5OH, CO, NO2, and SO2. Preliminary results of these investigations are presented. Figure 1 shows the schematic diagram of the setup. The measurements were made with a pickup comprising two interconnected glass chambers (Fig. 1) through which electrically heated platinum wires were drawn. The wires were two arms of a Whetstone bridge and a microvoltmeter sensitive to a pressure change of 10-6 was connected in the diagonal of the bridge. The relative change in the thermal conductivity ( $\epsilon = -\Delta \kappa/\kappa$ ) could be judged from the bridge unbalance occurring when an electric field was turned on in one of the chambers. The measurements were made at pressures ~0.06--1 mm Hg and in electric fields up to ~1 ky/cm. The results obtained for NF3 at ~0.1 mm Hg by using a homogeneous alternating field (Fig. 2) show that E has a tendency to saturate. At maximum E (~0.3 kv/cm) & turned out to be of the order of 0.5%, i.e., of the same order as for nonpolar gases, such as O2 and N2, placed in a magnetic field. According to preliminary data, & is a function of the ratio E/P. The investigations of CO, NO2, and  $SO_{21}$  have shown that for these gases, at p ~ 0.5 mm Hg and E ~ 0.2 kv/cm, the value of  $\varepsilon$  is zero. The results are compared with those obtained by others and the reasons for discrepancies are briefly discussed. More careful investigations of the effect in these and other gases are planned. The authors thank I. K. Kikoin and V. Kh. Volkov for interest in the work, Yu. M. Kagan, L. A. Maksimov, and Yu.

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ACC NR: AP7001341

SOURCE CODE: UR/0386/66/004/011/0456/0461

AUTHOR: Gorelik, L. L.; Nikolayevskiy, V. G.; Sinitsyn, V. V.

ORG: none

TITIE: Transverse heat transfer in a molecular-thermal stream produced in a gas of nonspherical molecules in the presence of a magnetic field

SOURCE: Zhurnal eksperimental'noy i teoreticheskoy fiziki. Pis'ma v redaktsiyu. Prilozheniye, v. 4, no. 11, 1966, 456-461

TOPIC TAGS: heat transfer, heat capacity, gas flow, molecular flow, oxygen, nitrogen, argon, electron spin

ABSTRACT: The authors report the results of experiments made to observe the theoretically predicted heat flow perpendicular to a magnetic field in which a temperature gradient is produced in a direction perpendicular to the magnetic field. This flow should be perpendicular to both the field and the temperature gradient, and should reverse sign when the magnetic field direction is reversed ("odd" effect). The effect results from the tensor character of the heat conduction of the gas in the field. The measurements were made in a chamber in which the temperature gradient was produced by one set of electrically heated wires and the transverse heat transport was determined by a second set of electrically heated wires. The test procedure is described. The measurements were made in coygen at pressures 1 - 15 mm Hg. The results show that Godd (the relative change in the heat capacity due to the odd effect) is a function of

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H/p (H = field intensity, p = pressure). A plot of Godd vs. H/p has two maxima, one corresponding to the odd effect due to inelastic oxygen-molecule collisions accompanied by a change in the projection of the electron spin on the angular momentum, and the oder to the elastic collisions. The locations of both maxima agree well with the theoretical predictions. The maximum value of Godd is of the order of 10-4. The odd effect differs with the gas used, showing a monotonic growth in the case of N2, up to a maximum approximately equal to that for oxygen. No effect was observed for argon. Tests on other gases are planned. The authors thank I. K. Kikoin, Yu. M. Kagan, L. A. Maksimov, Yu. A. Mikhaylova, and V. D. Borman for a useful discussion, and V. I. Nikolayeva and N. Ya. Anisimov for help in preparing the pickups. Orig. art. has:

SUB CODE: 20/ SUBM DATE: 31Aug66/ ORIG REF: 004/ OTH REF: 006

Card 2/2

ACC NRI AP7009659 SOURCE CODE: UR/0386/67/005/004/0105/0108

AUTHOR: Borman, V. D.; Gorelik, L. L.; Nikolayev, B. I.; Sinitsyn, V. V.

ORG: none

TITIE: Influence of alternating electric field on transport phenomena in polar gases

SOURCE: Zhurnal eksperimental'noy i toereticheskoy fiziki. Pis'ma v redaktsiyu.

Prilozheniye, v. 5, no. 4, 1967, 105-108

TOPIC TAGS: transport phenomenon, polar gas, electric field, thermal conduction ABSTRACT: This is a continuation of earlier experiments (Pis'ma ZhETF v. 3, 145, 1966), which have shown that the thermal conductivity coefficient ( $\epsilon$ ) of polar gases with tetrahedral molecules does not depend on the field frequency (f) up to 20 kHz. The present paper reports the results of an investigation of the dependence of  $\epsilon$  on fin a wide range of f at room temperature,  $p \approx 0.2 - 1$  mm Hg, and  $E \approx 30 - 100 \text{ v/cm}$ . The setup used for the investigation is similar to that described earlier. The influence of the alternating electric field on the thermal conductivity of the gas was assessed with the aid of the quantity  $\epsilon_f/\epsilon_0$ , where  $\epsilon_f$  and  $\epsilon_0$  are the values of  $\epsilon$  at frequencies f and 50 Hz, respectively. Under the experimental conditions  $\epsilon_{\rm f}/\epsilon_{\rm O}$  decreases noticeably when f achanges from 50 Hz to 2 MHz. An additional investigation of the dependence of  $\epsilon_f/\epsilon_0$  on f/E for two values of E/p showed that within the limits of experimental accuracy the value of  $\epsilon_f/\epsilon_0$  is determined by only one parameter - the ratio f/p. This result can be explained by the fact that at least in the investi-

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#### ACC NR: AP7009659

gated range of E, p, and f, the relative decrease of  $\epsilon$  with increasing f is determined only by the ratio of the time of molecule precession in one direction to the time between molecule collisions. It can be assumed, however, that in general  $\epsilon_f/\epsilon_0$  is determined by two ratios of these frequencies. A similar influence of an alternating magnetic field on the thermal conductivity of oxygen was observed. The authors thank I. K. Kikoin for a stimulating discussion and valuable advice, V. Kh. Volkov for interest in the work, Yu. M. Kagan, L. A. Maksimov, and Yu. A. Mikhaylova for useful discussions, and V. I. Nikolayev for help with the experiments. Orig. art. has: 3 figures and 2 formulas.

SUB CODE: 20/ SUBM DATE: 30.71166/ ORIG REF: 002/ OTH REF: 002

Card 2/2

GORELIK, L.M., kand.filolog.nauk; KOKOSHINSKAYA, V.I., kand.tekhn.nauk

Present-day textile terminology; discussion. Tekst.prom. 22 no.1:78-81 Ja '62. (MIRA 15:2)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000516130006-9"

S/0119/64/000/004/0029/0030

ACCESSION NR: AP4033601

AUTHOR: Gorelik, L. S. (Engineer); Fogel'son, I. B. (Engineer)

TITLE: Experience with measuring temperature by transistor sensors

SOURCE: Priborostroyeniye, no. 4, 1964, 29-30

TOPIC TAGS: temperature measurement, temperature sensor, transistor temperature sensor

ABSTRACT: One of the transistorized temperature-measuring circuits suggested in the book, "Semiconductor devices and their application" (A collection edited by A. I. Fedotov, v. 9, 1963), was used by the authors in developing a practical instrument. It was used for measuring the temperature (15-35C) of setting concrete. Eight selected P407 transistors with a high current gain and nearly equal emitter short-circuit currents were used for successive measurement of the equal emitter short-circuit currents were used for successive measurement of the temperature at eight points. A stabilized d-c is passed through the emitter, and a

Card 1/2

constant cutoff voltage of about 0.6 v is applied to the collector. Then, the emitter voltage depends on the temperature and is indicated by a galvanometer. It is claimed that the instrument operated for five months with an error of ±0.1C. Orig. art. has: 1 figure.

ASSOCIATION: none

SUBMITTED: 00

DATE ACQ: 11May64

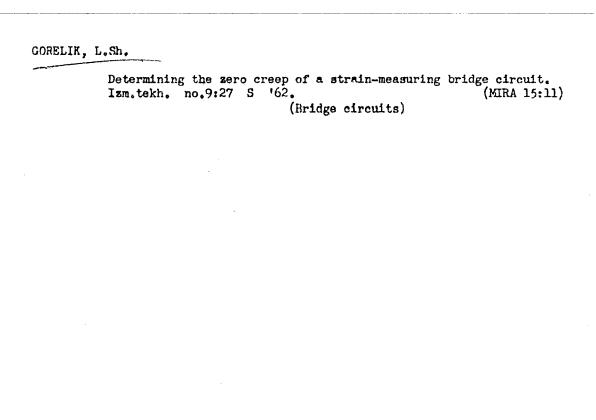
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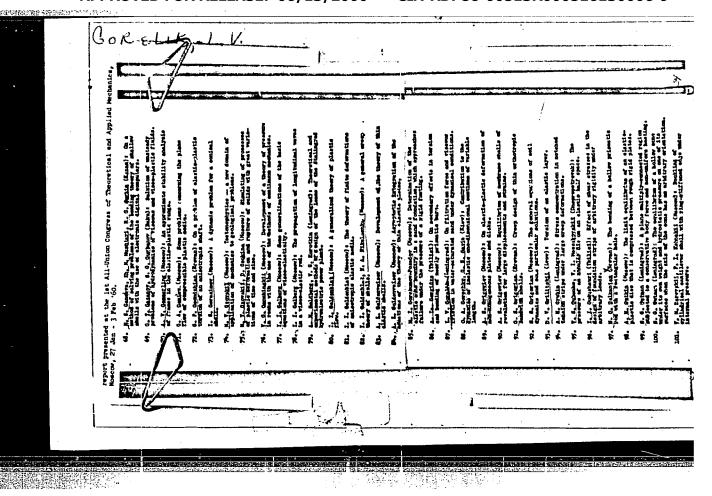
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Card 2/2



APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000516130006-9"



RELITOV, B.F., starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik, kand.tekhn.nauk; GORELIK, L.V., inzh.

Electrometric method of studying dynamic effects on sand saturated with water. Inv. VNIIG 60:178-180 58. (MIRA 13:6)

(Soil mechanics) (Hydraulic engineering-Research)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000516130006-9"

A THE PARTY OF THE

YERYKHOV, B.P., inzh.; GORELIK, L.V., inzh.

Apparatus for remote determination of the extent and speed of deformation. Isv. VNIIG 62:197-200 159. (MIRA 13:6) (Deformations (Mechanics))

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000516130006-9"

#### GORELIE, L. V.

Relation between viscous friction and the flow potential. Zhurtekhn. fiz. 30 no.6:653-655 Je '60. (MIRA 13:8)

Vsesoyusnyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut gidrotekhniki
 B.Ye. Vedeneyeva.
 (Friction) (Fluids dynamics)

#### GORILIK, L.V.

Flow potential during an oscillating flow of a liquid in a porous diaphragm. Koll. zhur. 22 no.4:393-397 Jl-Ag 60. (MIRA 13:9)

1. Veseoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel skiy institut gidrotekhniki im. B.Ye. Vedeneyeva, Lenigrad. (Diffusion) (Porous materials)

### GORELIK, L.V.

Forces originating during nonstationary percolation. Insh.fiz.zhur. no.11:34-41 N 60. (MIRA 13:11)

l. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut gidrotekhniki im. B.Ye.Vedeneyeva, Leningrad. (Percolation)

# GORELIK, L.V., inzh.

Power effect of water on the structure of sand during nonstationary percolation. Izv. VNIIG 65:215-219 '60. (MIRA 14:5) (Soil mechanics)

GORELIK, L. V.

Cand Tec Sci, Diss -- "The dynamic effect of interstitial water on a sand shell". Leningrad, 1961. 13 pp, 22 cm (Min of Higher and Inter Spec Educ RSFSR. Leningrad Order of Labor Red Banner Engr-Building Inst), 200 copies, Not for sale, list of works by the author at end of text (KL, No 9, 1961, p 181, No 24334). 251-548647

SHEYN, Pavel Abramovich; GORELIK, L.V., otv. red.; SIDOROVA, T.S., red.; SLUTSKIN, A.A., tekhm. red.

[Organizing and planning the supply of materials and equipment in the communications industry] Organizatsiia i planirovanie material'no-tekhnicheskogo snabzheniia v khoziaistve sviazi. Moskva, Gos. izdvo lit-ry po voprosam sviazi i radio, 1961. 27 p. (MIRA 14:11)

(Telecommunication—Equipment and supplies)

GORELIK, L.V., kand, tekhn. nauk; PETRENKO, A.A., inzh. Microanisotropy of water saturated sands. Izv. VNIIG 76:299-304

(MIRA 18:10) 164.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000516130006-9"

경기 경기를 가게 되었다.

GORELIK, L.V., inzh.

Electrokinetic means of measuring the force of viscous friction in water-saturated sand under dynamic influences. Izv. VNIIG 65:205-214 160. (Wiscosimetry) (Sand)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000516130006-9"

SINYAGIN, I.I., akademik, red.; BUZANOV, I.F., akademik, laureat
Leninskoy premii, red.; MAZLUMOV, A.L., akademik, red.;
MAYSUHYAN, N.A., akademik, red.; VASILENKO, P.M., akademik,
red.; VASILENKO, P.M., akademik, red.; MANZHELIY, I.I., red.;
GORELIK, L.Ya., red.; ANTONOVA, N.M., tekhn. red.

[Achievements of science and advanced practices in sugar beet growing] Dostizheniia nauki i peredovoi opyt po sveklovodstvu. Moskva, Sel'khozgiz, 1961. 403 p. (MIRA 15:2)

1. Vsesoyuznaya akademiya sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk imeni V.I.Lenina. 2. Uchenyy sekretar' sektsii tekhnicheskikh kul'tur Otdeleniya zemledeliya Vsesoyuznoy akademii sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk im. V.I.Lenina (for Manzheliy). (Sugar beet breeding)

GUBIN, Yevgeniy Pavlovich; GORELIK, L.Ya., red.; GERASIMOVA, Ye.S., tekhn. red.

[Ways of the formation of agrarian-industrial combines]
Puti formirovaniia agrarno-promyshlennykh ob\*\*edinenii. Moskva,
Ekonomizdat, 1963. 79 p. (MIRA 16:7)

(Agriculture--Economic aspects)

ZINOCHKIN, Aleksandr Georgiyevich, kand. ekonom. nauk; GORELIK, L.Ya., red.; GERASIMOVA, Ye.S., tekhn. red.

[Economic evaluation of farmland] Ekonomicheskaia otsenka sel'skokhoziaistvennykh ugodii. Moskva, Ekonomisdat, 1963. 176 p. (MIRA 16:6)

(Agriculture-Economic aspects)

KUZNETSOV, Georgiy Aleksandrovich, doktor ekon. nauk; GORELIK, L.Ya., red.; GERASIMOVA, Ye.S., tekhn. red.

[Organization of farm areas and the utilization of land on state farms in virgin lands] Organizatsiia territorii i ispol'zovanie zemel' v tselinnykh sovkhozakh; Moskva, Ekonomizdat, 1963. 219 p. (MIRA 16:11) (State farms—Economic aspects) (Land)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000516130006-9"

BADIR'YAN, G.G., prof.; VASIL'YEV, N.V., prof.; KCTOV, G.G., prof.; RUDAKOVA, Ye.A., prof.; BRAGINSKIY, B.I., doktor ekon.nauk; GUMEROV, M.N., dots.; ROMANCHENKO, A.V., doktor ekon. nauk; ABRAMOV, V.A., dots.; ALTAYSKIY, I.P., kand. ekon. nauk; GAVRILOV, V.I., dots.; RAFIKOV, M.M., kand.ekon. nauk; VINOKUR, R.D., dots.; RUSAKOV, G.K., dots.; LAVRENT'YEV, V.N., dots.; GORELIK, L.Ya., red.; PONOMAREVA, A.A., tekhn. red.

[Economics, organization and planning of agricultural production] Ekonomika, organizatsiia i planirovanie sel'skokhoziaistvennogo proizvodstva. Moskva, Ekonomizdat, 1963. 607 p. (MIRA 16:á1)

(Agriculture--Economic aspects)

KOTOV, Grigoriy Grigor'yevich; GORELIK, L.Ya., red.

[Labor productivity and production costs in agriculture] Proizvoditel'nost' truda i sebestoimost' produktsii v sel'skom khoziaistve. Moskva, Ekonomika, 1964. 279 p. (MIRA 17:6)

RUSAKOV, G.K., kand. sel'khoz. nauk; MILYAVSKIY, I.O., kand. sel'khoz. nauk; SHILKO, V.P., kand. sel'khoz. nauk; MARTINENAS, A.N.; BELINSKIY, A.I., agr.-ekonom.; KARPUSHENKO, A.I., agr.-ekono. [deceased]; POSMITNYY, V.M., ekonom.; PANCHENKO, Ya.I., agr.-ekonom.; KVACHEV, V.M., agr.-ekonom.; SOBOLENKO, V.S.; KRAVTSOV, D.S., agronom.; IYSOV, V.F., ekonom.; SHLYAKHTIN, V.I., kand. ekon. nauk; TSYBUL'KO, F.Ye.; ORIKHOVSKIY, I.G., agr.-ekonom.; TATUREVICH, N.M., agr.-ekonom.; GARMASH, I.I.; NOSACHENKO, V.F., inzh.-ekonom.; MUKHIJSULLIN, Sh.M., agr.-ekonom.; ROZENTSVAYG, A.L., agr.-ekonom.; BERLIN, M.Z., dots.; IVANOV, K.I., agr.-ekonom.; SILIN, A.G., ekonom.; LIKHOT, I.K.; CHANOV, G.I., kand. ekon. nauk; MIKHAYLOV, M.V., kand. ekon. rauk; GORELIK, L.Ya., red.

[Planning and economical operation on collective farms] Planirovanie i rezhim ekonomii v kolkhozakh. Moskva, Ekonomika, 1965. 258 p. (MIRA 18:5)

l. Zaveduyushchiy otdelom ekonomiki i organizatsii kolkhoznogo proizvodstva Nauchmo-issledovatel'skogo instituta ekonomiki sel'skogo khozyaystva Litovskoy SSR (for Martinenas). 2. Zaveduyushchiy otdelom Stavropol'skogo krayevogo komiteta KPSS (for Likhot).

KRAVCHENKO, Rostislav Grigor'yevich; (WRELIK, L.Ya., red.

[Economic-mathematical models of problems in agriculture] Ekonomiko-matematicheskie modeli zadach po sel'skomu khoziaistvu. Moskva, Ekonomika, 1965. 310 p. (MIRA 18:6)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000516130006-9"

BARSOV, Aleksey Sergeyevich; KLIMASHIN, Ivan Petrovich; GORELIK, L.Ya., red.

[Electronic computers and agricultural production] Elektronnye vychislitel'nye mashiny i sel'skokhoziaistvennoe proizvodstvo. Moskva, Ekonomika, 1965. 131 p.

(MIRA 18:12)

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[Economic efficiency of capital investments and the introduction of new machinery in industry] Ekonomichna efektyvnist' kapital-nykh vkladen' i vprovadzhenniia novoi tekhniky u promyslovosti. Kyiv, Vyd-vo Akad. nauk URSR, 1962. 260 p. (MIRA 16:2)

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GORELIK, M.

Using petroleum mist to moisten gas. Zhil.-kem,khos. 7 no.9:9-10

(Gas flew)

(Gas flew)

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GORSHKOV, G., tekhnik (Sverdlovsk); GRYSHCHENKO, E. (Aktyubinsk);
GRANOVSKIY, L., instruktor; IVANNIKOV, A.; BERDYUGIN, V., gornyy
inzh.; KIL'DIHEKOV, V., GORELIK, M., inzh.; ATKOCHAYTIS, Ye.
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Exchange of news and practice. Izobr.i rats. no.2:18-19 F 162. 1. Ural'skiy zavod tyazhelogo mashinostroyeniya (for Gorshkov). (MIRA 15:3) 2. Predsedatel soveta Vsesoyuznogo obshchestva izobretateley i ratsionalizatorov remontno-mekhanicheskogo zavoda "Bol'shevik", g. Aktyubinsk (for Grishchenko). 3. TSentral nyy Sovet Vsesoyuznogo obshchestva izobretateley i ratsionalizatorov (for Granovskiy). 4. Predsedatel oblastnogo soveta Vsesoyuznogo obshchestva izobretateley i ratsionalizatorov (for Ivannikov). 5. Vneshtatnyy konsul tant oblastnogo konsul tatsionnogo punkta Vsesoyuznogo obshchestva izobretateley i ratsionalizatorov, g. Kemerovo (for Berdyugin). 6. Zaveduyushchiy otdelom promyshlennosti gazety "Leninskiy puti", g. Slobodskoy Kirovskoy obl. (for Kil'dibekov). 7. Otdel kapital'nogo stroitel'stva predpriyatya teplovykh setey upravleniya energetiki Soveta narodnogo khozyaystva BSSR, g. Minsk (for Gorelik). (Technological innovations)

GORBLIK, M.G.; SHEVCHENKO, V.I.

Device for lifting mortar troughs. Rats. i isobr. predl. v stroi. no.91: 23-24 154. (MIRA 8:8)

1. Otdel isobretatel'stva i ratsionalisatsii Ministerstva stroitel'stva. (Bricklaying)

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SHEVCHREED, V.N., inchemer; GORELIE, M.G., inchemer.

Transporting asbestes slate slabs on trays with hinged stirrups. Rats.i isobr. predl. v strei. no.117:11-12 155. (MIRA 9:7) (Conveying machinery)

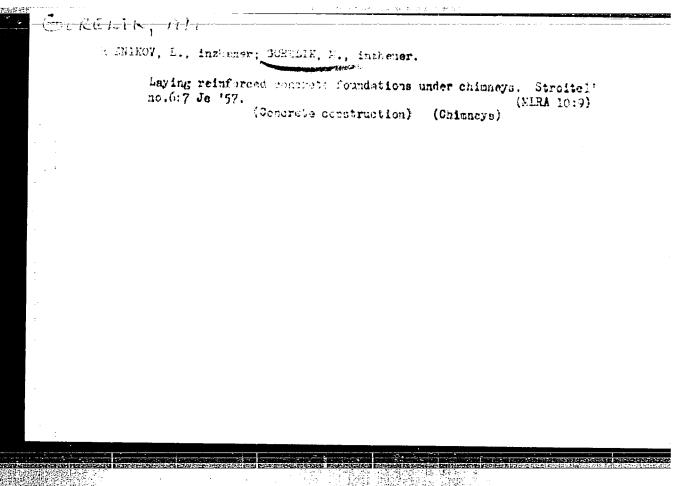
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## GORELIK, M.G., inzhener.

Experience in erecting coal towers and silo-type 4-7 structures. Stroi. prom. 34 no.9:4-7 S '56. (MIRA 9:10)

1. Zaporozhstroy.
(Railroads--Building and structures)

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GRIGORYAN, Kh.A.; GORELIK, M.A.; ALIYEV, Z.E.; PINSKER, B.A.; USYNINA, T.P.

Producing furnace black from gas rich in air by enriching the gasoline liquid hydrocarbons. Sbor.trud.AsNII MP no.2:362-372 Ag '58. (MIRA 12:6)

(Carbon black)

SOLOVEYCHIK, L.M., dotsent; GORELIK, M.A., inzhener.

Capital production assets of the telecommunication economy and their utilization. Vest. sviazi 24 no.2:15-17 F '64.

1. Rukovoditel' laboratorii ekonomiki Moskovskogo elektrotekhnicheskogo instituta svyazi (for Soloveychik).

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GORELIK, Mariam Borisovna, insh.; IOFFE, Ernest Isaakovich, insh.;

SURIS, Mordko Ar yavich; STRIZHEVSKIY, I.V., kand.tekhn.nauk,
red.; AVRUSHCHENKO, R.A., red.izd-va; SALAZKOV, N.P., tekhn.red.

[Protection of the gas network from eddy currents; experience of operating and planning organizations in Moscow] Zashchita gasovykh setel ot blushdaiushchikh tokov; opyt ekspluatatsionnykh i proektnykh organizatsii Moskvy. Moskva, Izd-vo M-va kommun.khoz. RSFSR, 1959. 140 p. (MIRA 13:2) (Electric currents, Eddy) (Gas pipes--Corrosion)

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BEDRAM', M. G., kand. tokhn, nauk; ZHENDRIMSKIY, A. P., kand. tokhm.
nauk; VISHMEVSKIY, M. A., insh.; PER'KOV, Yu. V., insh.;
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Flotation of gas coals in the Dobropol'ye Central Concentration Plant. Ugol' Ukr.7 no.4:30-32 Ap '63.

(NIRA 16:4)

(Dobropol'ye-Flotation)

GORELIK, M.M.

Electric switch. Mashinostroitel' no.7:28-29 Jl '62. (MIRA 15:7) (Railroads, Suspended-Switches)

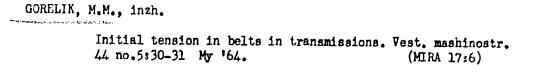
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GORELIK, M.M.; BORISENKO, V.S.

The ShOS openside tenon-cutting machine with conveyor feeder.

Der. prom. 12 no.9:13-15 S '63. (MIRA 16:10)

1. Moskovskiy zavod derevoobrahatyvayushchikh stankov.



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MAYATIN, A.A.; KRUTOUS, M.D.; GITARSKIY, V.S.; BORTGOUKO, V.S.; GORELIK, M.M.; VINOGRADOV, N.F.; KAUPMAN, D.I.; SIAVIN, L.S.; GOREFASHVILI, M.E.; KIRPENEV, N.K.; FOZENBERGER, N.A.; NAPKHANENKO, Z.S.; KIPUS, L.A.; ZAYCHENKO, I.V.

Innovations. Bum. i der. prom. no.3:58-59 J1-S \*64. (MIRA 17:11)

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GORELIK, M.M.; BORISENKO, V.S.

Modernization of the Sho6 tenon-cutting machine. Der. prom. 13 no.9:22-23 S '64. (MIRA 17:11)

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KAUFMAN, D.I.; GORELIK, M.M.

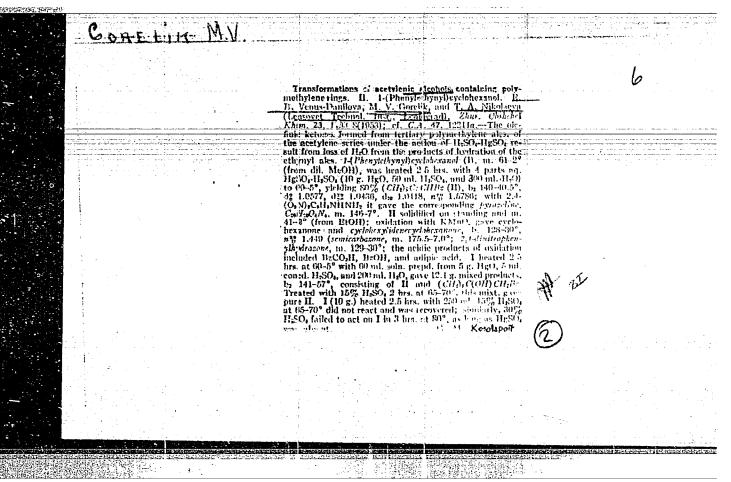
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## VENUS-DANILOVA, E.D.; CORELIE, M.V.

Synthesis and conversion of acetylene alcohols containing polymethylene rings. Part 1. 1-phenylacetylenyl-cyclopentanol-1. Zhur.ob.khim. 23 no. 7:1139-1142 J1 153. (MLRA 6:7)

1. Laboratoriya organicheskoy khimii Leningradskogo tekhnologicheskogo instituta imeni Lensoveta. (Alcohols)

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BOGDANOV, S.V.; GORELIK, M.V.

Bisulfite compounds of oxy-derivatives of anthracene. Khim. nauka i prom. 3 no.2:279-280 158. (MIRA 11:6)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel skiy institut organicheskikh poluproduktov i krasiteley im. K. Ye. Voroshilova.

(Anthracene) (Sulfites)